



Are we green or mean?
Communicating the benefits of sustainable cattle production to industry stakeholders

26th January 2023

Source:. Jude L. Capper, 2023



There is no definitive sustainable protein system – but every system can be sustainable

























de Capper, Phi @bovidiva



Sustainability comprises three pillars, all under the umbrella of One Health

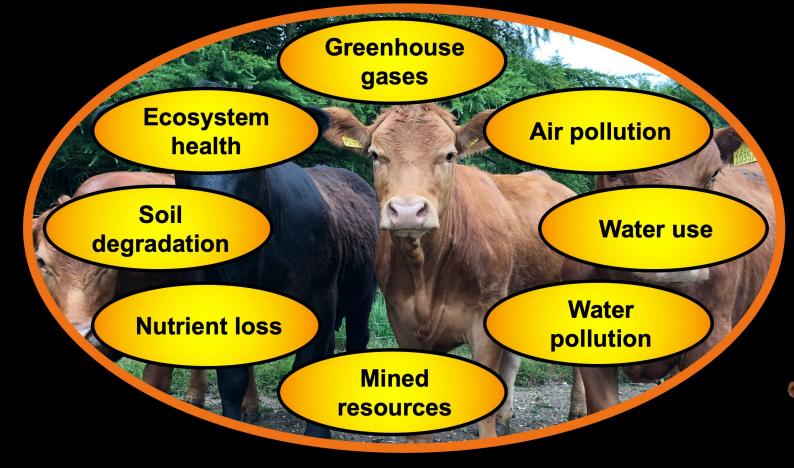


Human Health

Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020.



Environmental impacts are not limited to greenhouse gas emissions





e Capper, PhD Bovidiva





Net Zero is a clear priority



Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021. Cartoon from: https://twitter.com/Cartoon4sale/status/1384537729460056067?s=20



Retailers face challenge of meeting net zero commitments

50% reduction in food-related GHG emissions by 2030 is possible, but only if we take

URGENT ACTION

wrap.org.uk/GHGPathway



wra

Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021. Infographic from: https://wrap.org.uk/sites/default/files/2021-10/WRAP UK food%20systems GHG Report TWITTER Urgent%20action.jpg?itok=8txblEnz

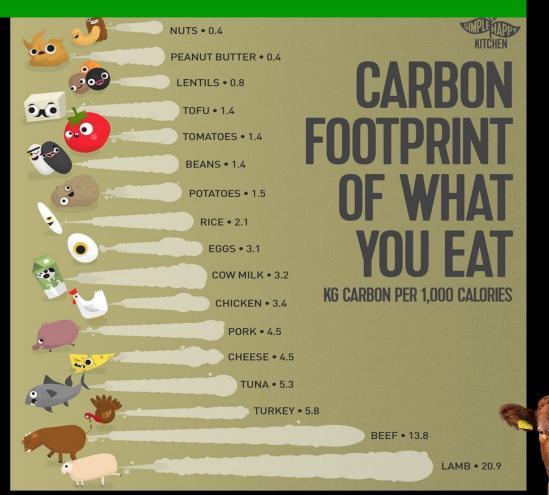


le Capper, PhD @bovidiva



Global averages are meaningless

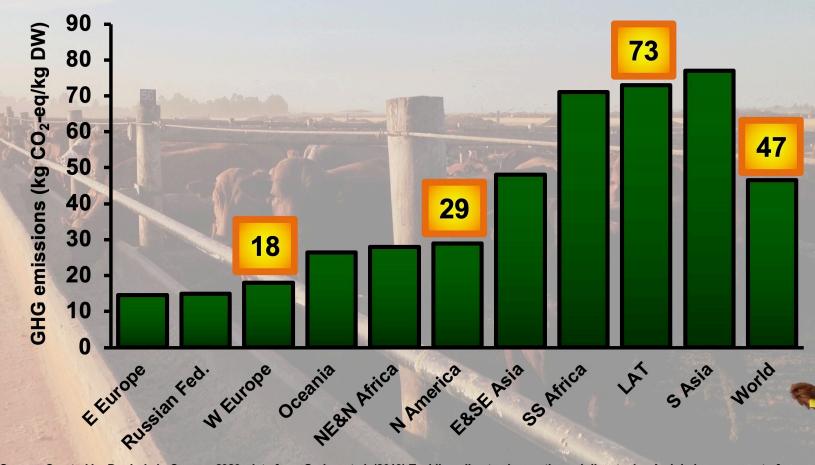
The carbon footprints of the foods we eat vary considerably global average figures are inappropriate when food production is regional



Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020, infographic from: https://www.instagram.com/simple_happy_kitchen/

LSC

The carbon footprint of beef production varies across the globe



Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020; data from Gerber et al. (2013) Tackling climate change through livestock – A global assessment of emissions and mitigation opportunities. FAO, Rome, Italy.



per, PhD idiva





Improved efficiency has reduced GHG emissions from U.S. livestock production





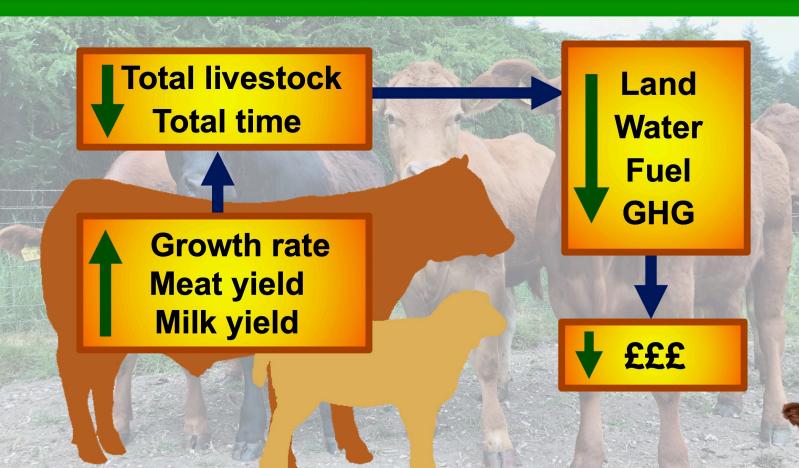
35% decrease in GHG emissions per kg of pork between 1959 and 2009

63% decrease in GHG emissions per ton of eggs between 1960 and 2010

Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020. Data from: Capper and Cady (2019) The effects of improved performance in the U.S. dairy cattle industry on environmental impacts between 2007 and 2017. *J. Anim. Sci.* and Capper (2011). The environmental impact of U.S. beef production: 1977 compared with 2007. *J. Anim Sci.* and Cady et al. (2013) A 50-year comparison of the environmental impact and resource use of the US swine herd: 1959 vs. 2009. ADSA-ASAS Annual Meeting, 2013, Indianapolis, IN and Pelletier et al. (2014) Comparison of the environmental footprint of the egg industry in the United States in 1960 and 2010. *Poult. Sci.*



Improving animal productivity reduces the environmental impact of milk and meat



Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020. Data from: Capper, JL. 2015. Sustainability and One Health. In: Cockcroft, P. Bovine Medicine. Wiley-Blackwell, Oxford, UK.



Reducing age at slaughter has both economic and environmental benefits



Birth weight
Slaughter weight
Total gain
Age at slaughter
Daily liveweight gain
Maintenance feed needed

40 kg 670 kg 630 kg 23 months 0.90 kg/d 702 days

40 kg 670 kg 630 kg 26 months 0.80 kg/d 793 days



Source: Created as an example by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021.



Reducing age at slaughter has both economic and environmental benefits

91 fewer days of feed, land and greenhouse gases.
Opportunity cost?



Birth weight
Slaughter weight
Total gain
Age at slaughter
Daily liveweight gain
Maintenance feed needed

40 kg 670 kg 630 kg 23 months 0.90 kg/d 702 days

40 kg 670 kg 630 kg 26 months 0.80 kg/d 793 days



Source: Created as an example by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021.



de Capper, Phi @bovidiva





Reproductive interventions must be economically and environmentally sustainable

Improving maternal trait genetics via Al over 20 yrs

Decreased mature weight and calving interval

£47-344 improved economics per cow calving

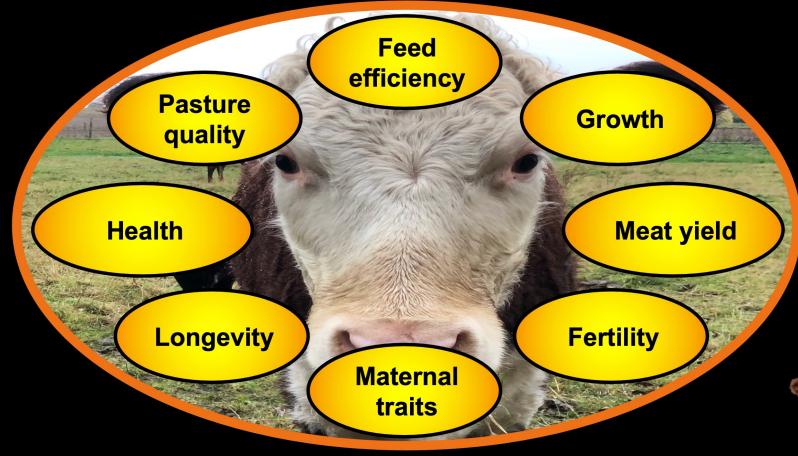
95 - 2,009 kg CO₂ reduction in GHG emissions per cow



Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2022. Data from Quinton et al. (2018) Predicted economic and greenhouse gas benefits from using improved maternal genetics in UK beef cattle. Proceedings of the World Congress on Genetics Applied to Livestock Production, 11.364

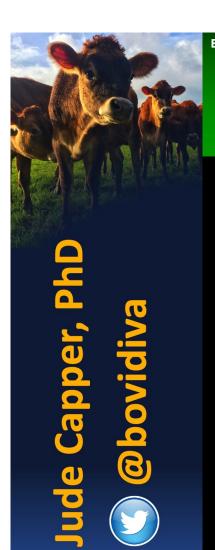


Doing everything better on-farm improves economic and environmental sustainability





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021

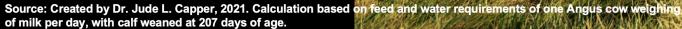


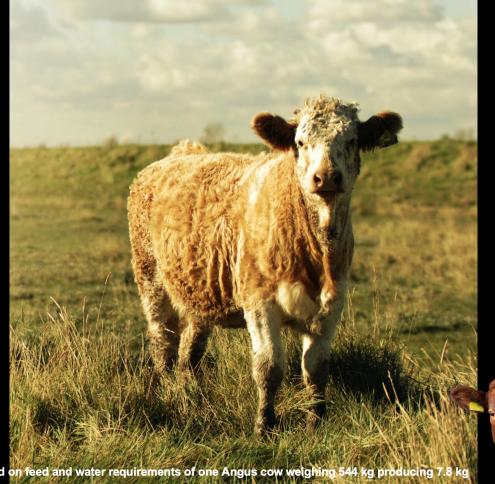
GHG benefits of dairy-beef now recognized – sucklers will need to demonstrate benefits

Annual requirements of one suckler cow:

- •3,954 kg feed DM
- 20,047 litres water
- 2,459 kg CO₂

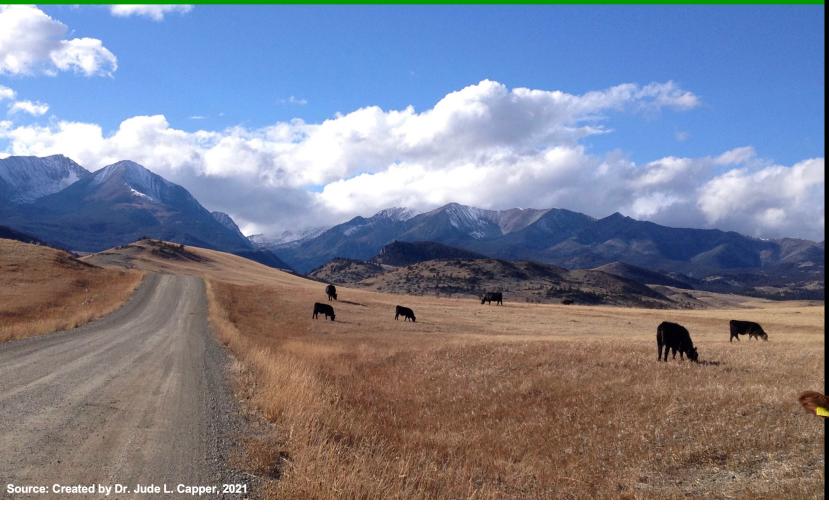
Need to justify these impacts vs. beef from dairy.







Can we grow human food crops everywhere?







65% of UK land is not suitable for growing arable crops





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020. Grazing land includes temporary grass on arable land (6% of total), land used for outdoor pigs or non-agricultural purposes not shown (1.7% of total). Data from DEFRA. 2019. Farming statistics - provisional crop areas, yields and livestock populations at 1 June 2019 – United Kingdom.

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/837834/structure-jun2019prov-UK-10oct19.pdf

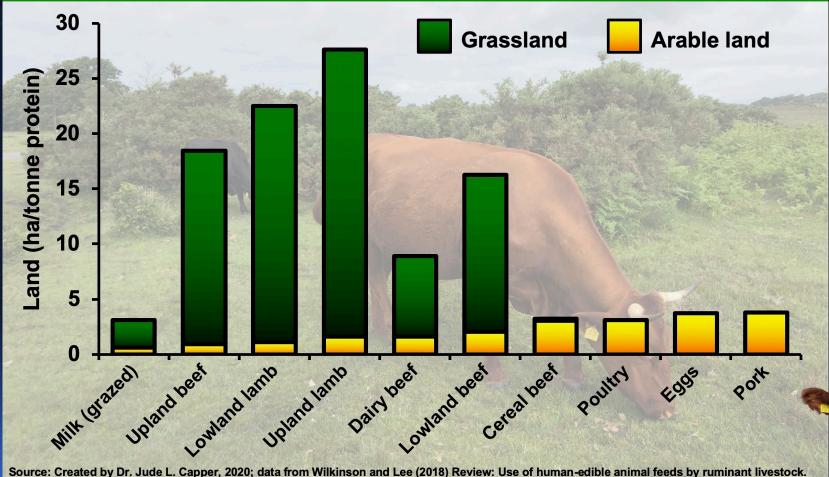


e Capper, PhL @bovidiva



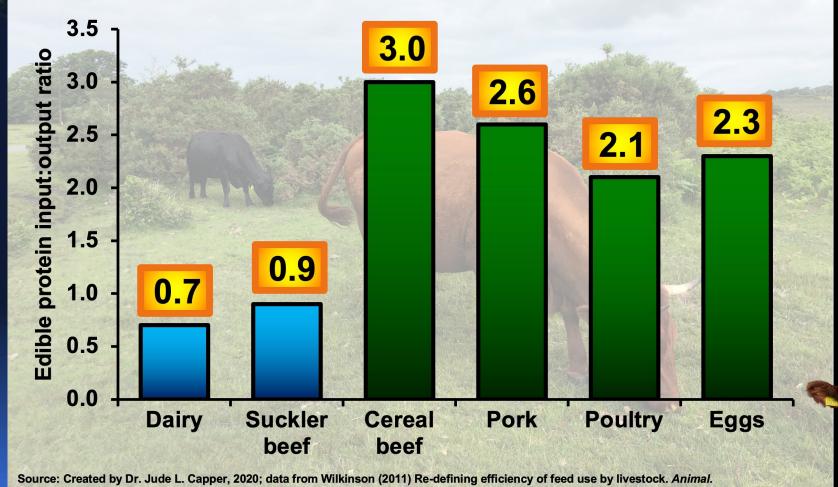
Animal.

Livestock systems vary widely in arable and grassland use





Grazing cattle systems produce more humanedible protein than they consume







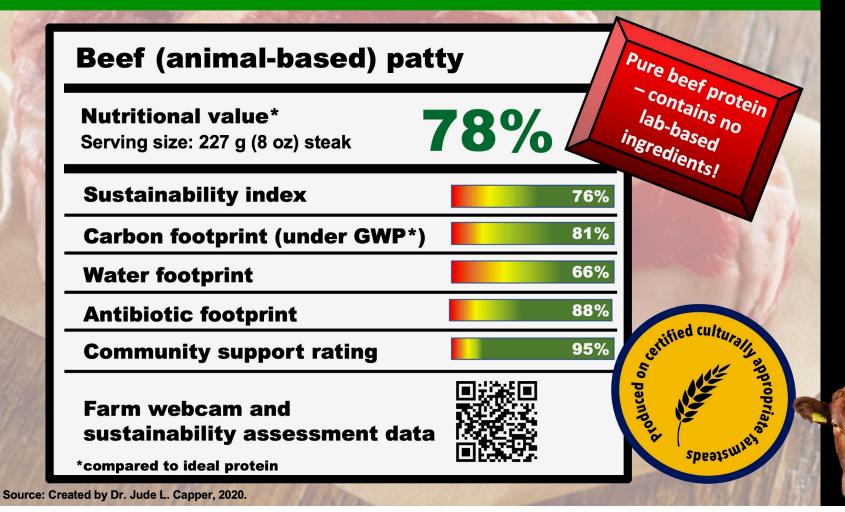




le Capper, PhE @bovidiva



Sustainability indices will be increasingly present on meat labels in future



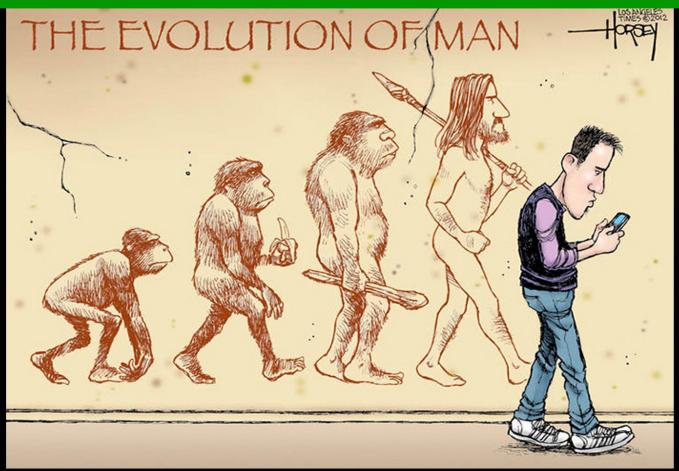


apper, PhD ovidiva



СОМ

We've got the technology – now we need to use it to its potential



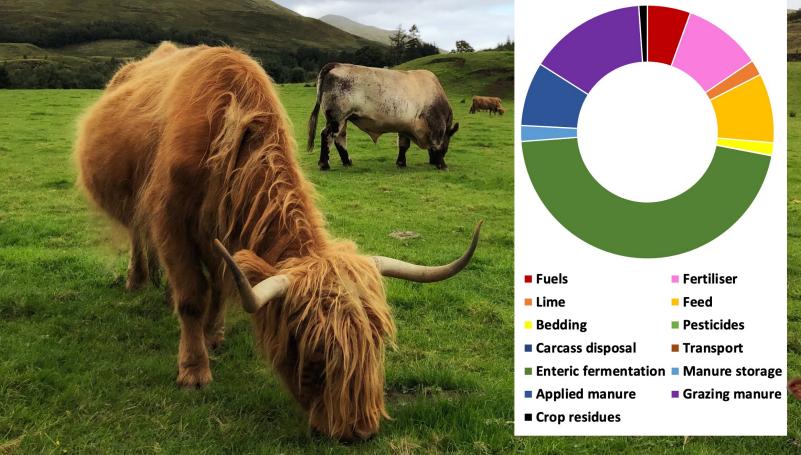
Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021. Cartoon from: https://static.boredpanda.com/blog/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/funny-satirical-evolution-charles-darwin-day-251 700.jpg



Standard footprinting tool urgently needed across the industry

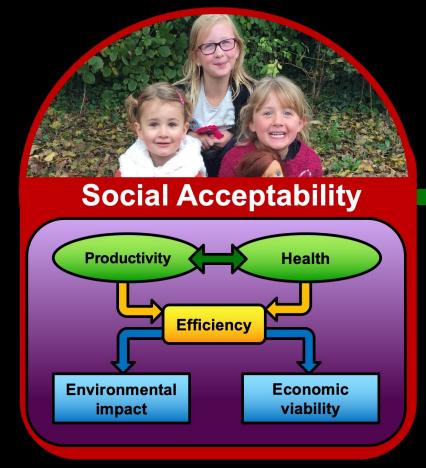
Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021. Example carbon footprint results based on a beef finishing farm.

Jude Capper, PhD





Social acceptability and consumer trust are vital for sustainable livestock production





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020.



Attractively presented misinformation can be difficult to counter

the leading cause of climate change



So much is being emitted that life on Earth is collapsing!



get.plant.ed Is animal agriculture responsible for 87% of annual greenhouse gases? A new study by @climatehealers says yes! When accounting for cumulative humanmade greenhouse gas, aerosol emissions and the impact of deforestation, the scientists found that animal agriculture is responsible for more global warming than all the CO2 from fossil fuel sources combined. This contradicts other reports that claim animal agriculture only causes 14.5% of greenhouse gases. Either way, the consensus is that animal agriculture is unsustainable, and switching to a plant-based diet is the most effective action you can take to help the planet



Source: Slide created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021. Screenshot from @get.plant.ed on Instagram.



Do we believe all that we read/see?



Follow

This calf is about to be killed with a bolt gun. Give a 8 go #vegan











Guilt is a primary motivator for people considering going vegetarian or vegan

"I sometimes feel guilty when consuming meat and dairy products"

and flexitarians
thinking of giving up
meat said "yes"
compared to 25% of
national population



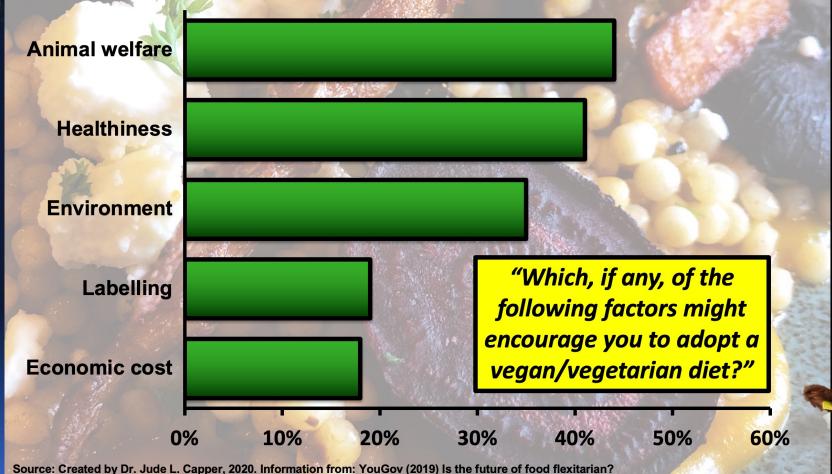




Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020. Information from: YouGov (2019) Is the future of food flexitarian? https://yougov.co.uk/topics/resources/articles-reports/2019/03/18/future-food-flexitarian



Animal welfare and human health are major concerns for people giving up animal products



https://yougov.co.uk/topics/resources/articles-reports/2019/03/18/future-food-flexitarian

de Capper, PhD @bovidiva







New CREDS report puts transport, energy and food choices into context

Top 10 options for reducing your carbon footprint Live car-free 1.95 2 Battery electric vehicle 1.68 One less flight (long-haul return) 1.6 Renewable electricity 4 0.98 Public transport 0.895 Refurbishment and renovation 6 0.8 Vegan diet 0.795 8 Heat pump 0.65 9 Improved cooking equipment 18° 0.64 Renewable-based heating 10



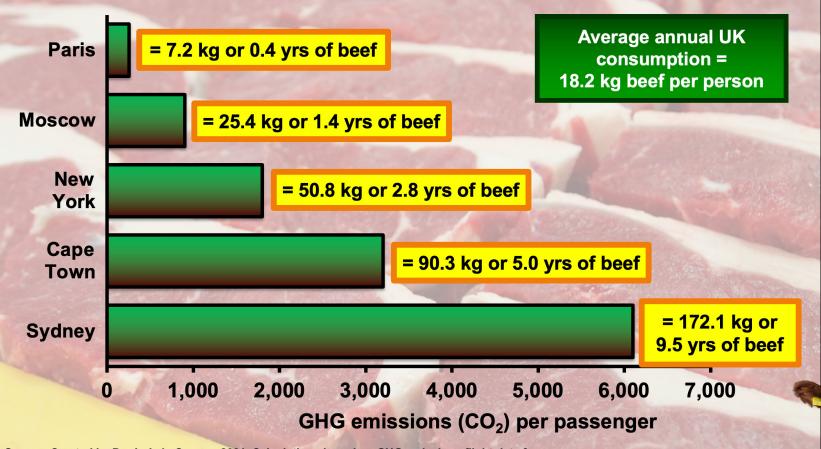
Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020. . Infographic adapted from Centre for Research into Energy Demand Solutions (2020). Available at: https://twitter.com/CREDS_UK/status/1262984570175176704?s=20



le Capper, PhD @bovidiva



International flights emit considerable quantities of carbon compared to beef production



Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021. Calculations based on GHG emissions flight data from: https://co2.myclimate.org/en/flight_calculators/new, and on a carbon footprint per kg of boneless beef of 35.5 kg CO2-eq (under GWP100) from AHDB: http://beefandlamb.ahdb.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/p_cp_down_to_earth300112.pdf



Do 629,000 Veganuary participants in 2022 amount to more than a hill of beans?

JOIN THE NEW YEAR'S REVOLUTION TO SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF T

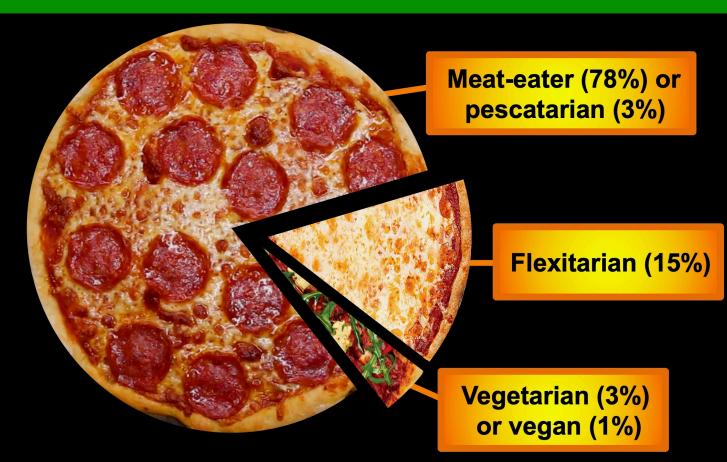
- Total is equal to 2.4x the population of Saskatoon
- If all participants were based in Canada they would comprise 1.6% of the population
- Average of 2,759 per participating country
- 60% of participants already vegan, vegetarian or pescatarian



Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2022. Information from: https://veganuary.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/THE-OFFICIAL-VEGANUARY-2022-PARTICIPANT-SURVEY.pdf



The future probably isn't vegan, but it may be flexitarian?





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020. Data from: YouGov (2019) Is the future of food flexitarian? https://yougov.co.uk/topics/resources/articles-reports/2019/03/18/future-food-flexitarian Question: "Which, if any, of these best describes your usual eating habits?" Results adjusted for people who answered "don't know" (3%) or "other" (3%).



How do we make meat sexy?







Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2022.







How do we make meat sexy?











How do we make meat sexy?





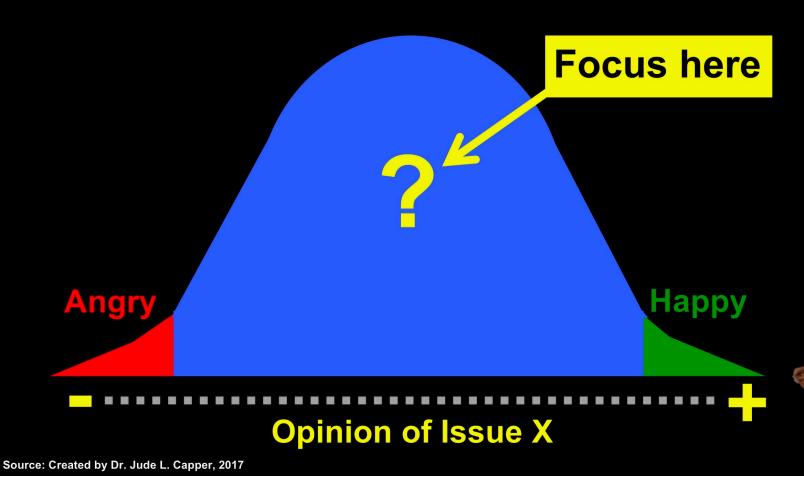


Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2022.





We need to communicate with consumers who don't yet have fixed opinions of agriculture





5 easy tips for positive communication

Share your values

Stay positive, polite and personal

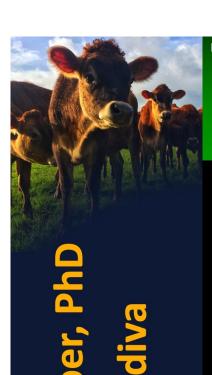
Keep it short, simple and see-through

Focus on the important

Know when to walk away

LSC

Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2019. Adapted from: Capper and Yancey. 2015. Communicating Animal Science to the General Public. *Animal Frontiers*.



Thank you!

jude@livestocksustainability.com http://bovidiva.com/presentationlinks





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2022. Cartoon from: http://snipurl.com/methanecartoon

