

Net Zero for Red Meat Producers

5th October 2023







Net Zero is a clear priority



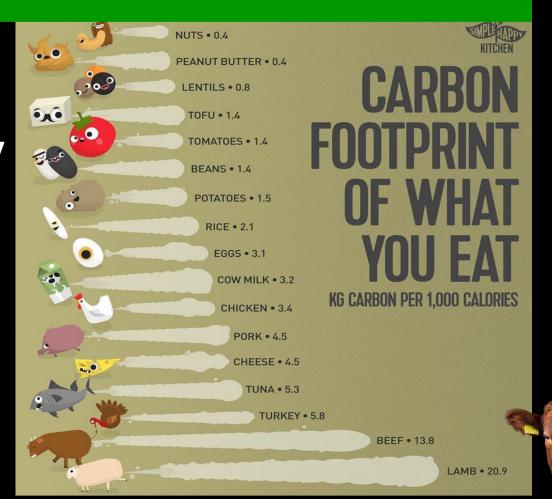


Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Cartoon from: https://twitter.com/Cartoon4sale/status/1384537729460056067?s=20



Global averages are meaningless

The carbon footprints of the foods we eat vary considerably global average figures are inappropriate when food production is regional





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Infographic from https://www.instagram.com/simple_happy_kitchen/



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Do 706,965 Veganuary participants in 2023 amount to more than a hill of beans?

JOIN THE NEW YEAR'S REVOLUTION SERVICE OF THE NEW YEAR'S REVOLUTION SERVICE OF THE NEW YEAR'S REVOLUTION SERVICE OF THE NEW YEAR'S SERVICE OF THE NE

- Total is equal to 1.95x the population of Coventry
- If all participants were based in the UK they would comprise 1.05% of the population
- Average of 3,663 per participating country
- 60% of participants already vegan, vegetarian or pescatarian

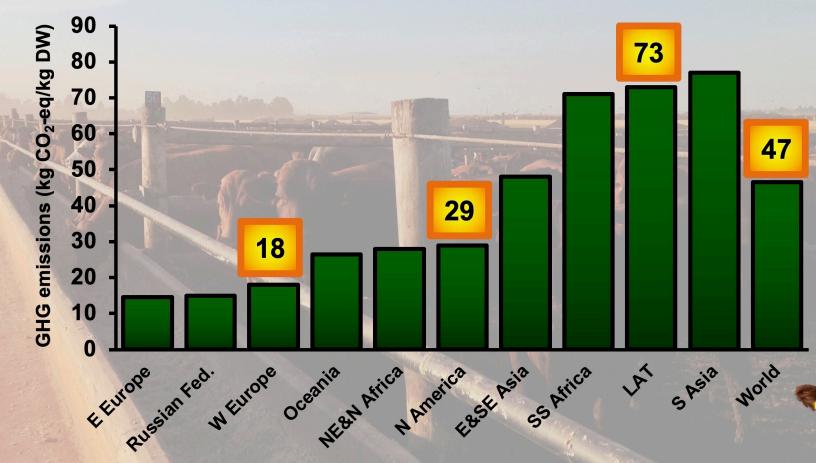








The carbon footprint of beef production varies across the globe

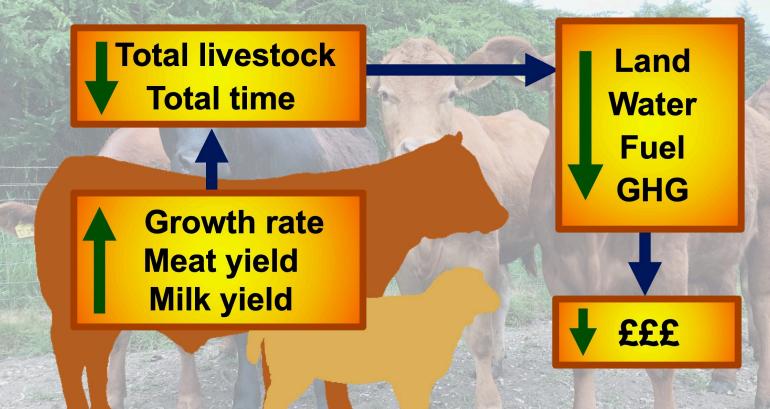




Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020; data from Gerber et al. (2013) Tackling climate change through livestock – A global assessment of emissions and mitigation opportunities. FAO, Rome, Italy.



Improving animal productivity reduces the environmental impact of milk and meat





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020. Data from: Capper, JL. 2015. Sustainability and One Health. In: Cockcroft, P. Bovine Medicine. Wiley-Blackwell, Oxford, UK.



Reducing age at slaughter has both economic and environmental benefits



Birth weight
Slaughter weight
Total gain
Age at slaughter
Daily liveweight gain
Maintenance feed needed

40 kg 670 kg 630 kg 23 months 0.90 kg/d 702 days

40 kg 670 kg 630 kg 26 months 0.80 kg/d 793 days



Source: Created as an example by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021.



Reducing age at slaughter has both economic and environmental benefits

91 fewer days of feed, land and greenhouse gases.
Opportunity cost?

23 mo 26 mo

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Source: Created as an example by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021.



Finishing cattle earlier improves profit and cuts the carbon footprint

Modelling study involving 777 Angus cattle finished at ABP research farm.

Finishing at ideal time (not heaviest weight) improved profit by 45% and cut carbon footprints by 32%

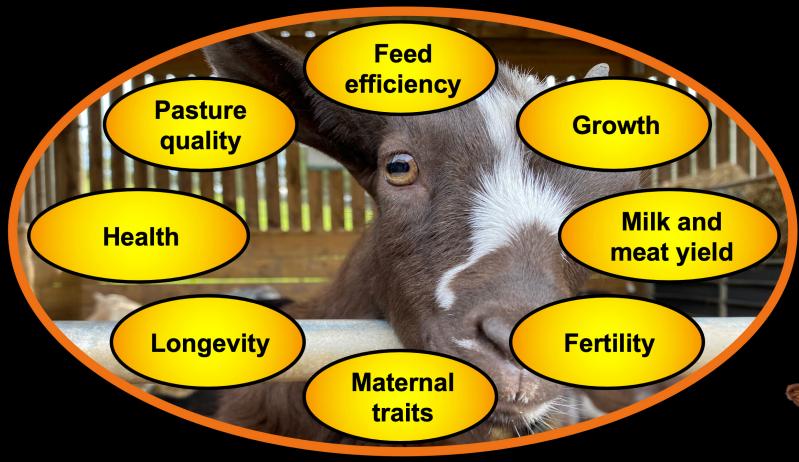




Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Data from: Capper et al. 2023. Helping farmers navigate the green economy: A data-driven blueprint for net zero beef. British Society of Animal Science Annual Meeting. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.anscip.2023.01.515



Improving key performance indicators reduces environmental impacts





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021



Major sustainability challenge for the sheep industry – keeping lambs alive







Data is sparse, but some key opportunities highlighted to decrease GHG



Finish lambs earlier = 16-24%



Lamb ewes as hoggets = 9-13%

Note: Results are from multiple studies



Select for low methane = 8-10%



Select for litter size = 5-9%

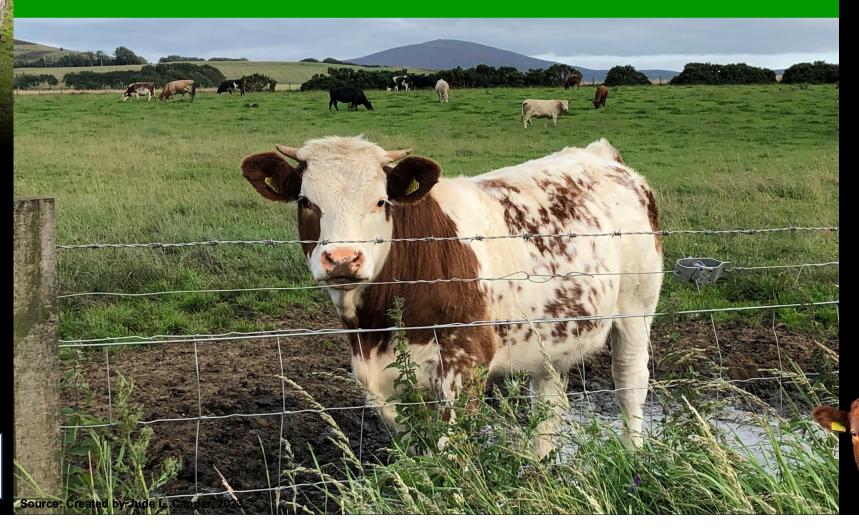


Improve ewe longevity = 1-6%





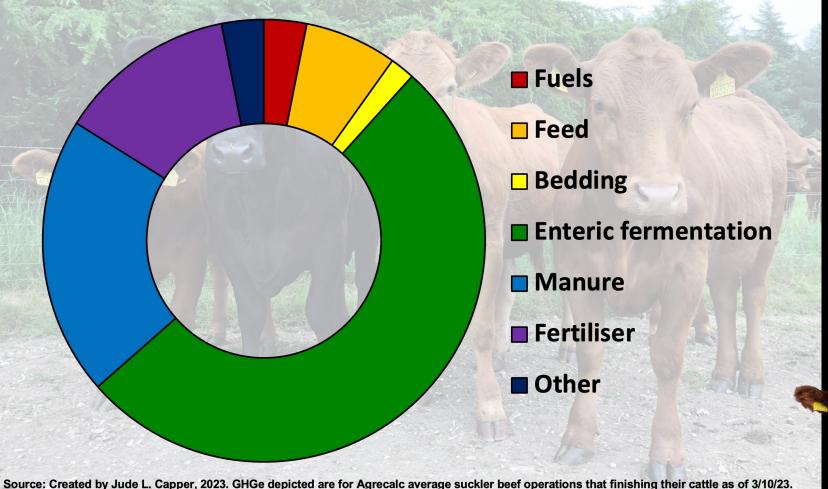
Can livestock farms reach net zero?







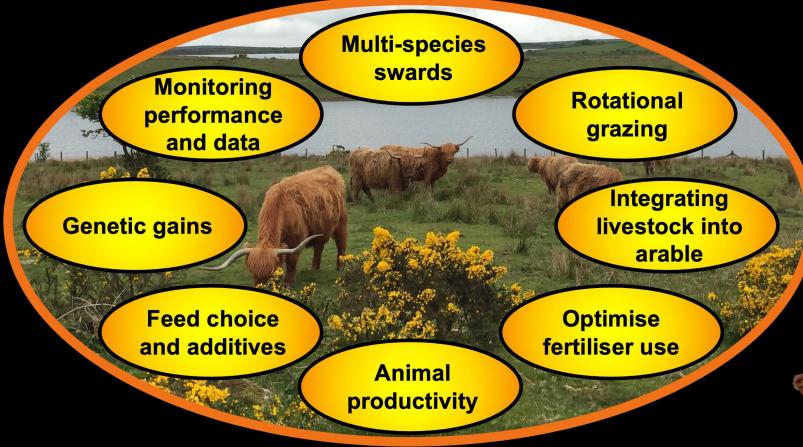
Example carbon footprint - beef







Key actions that can be implemented on farm to reduce carbon footprints

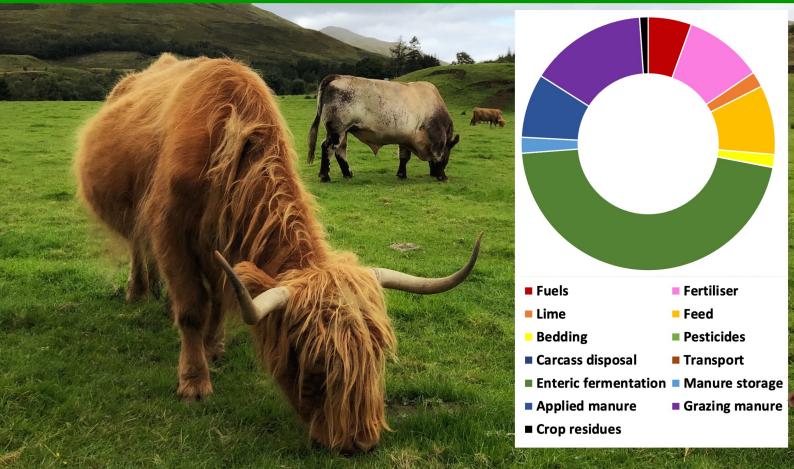




Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023



Standard footprinting tool urgently needed across the industry





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Example carbon footprint results based on a beef finishing farm.





GHG benefits of dairy-beef now recognized – sucklers will need to demonstrate benefits

Annual requirements of one suckler cow:

- 3,954 kg feed DM
- 20,047 litres water
- 2,459 kg CO₂

Need to justify these impacts vs. beef from dairy.

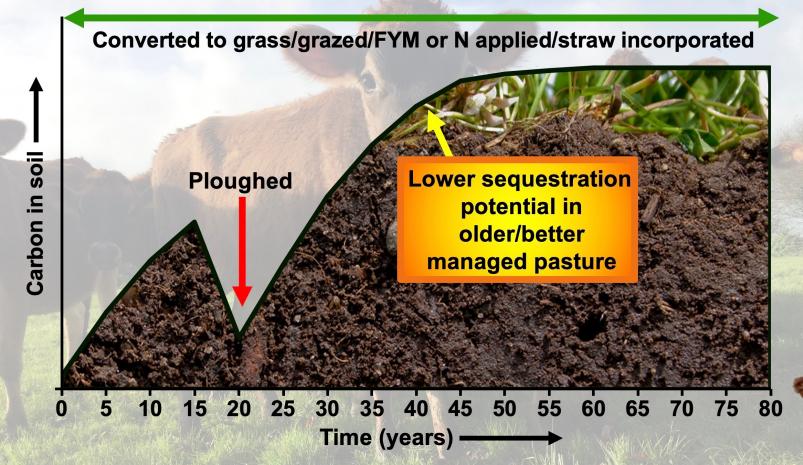




Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Calculation based on feed and water requirements of one Angus cow weighing 544 kg producing 7.8 kg of milk per day, with calf weaned at 207 days of age.



Carbon sequestration offers promise – but isn't a magic bullet

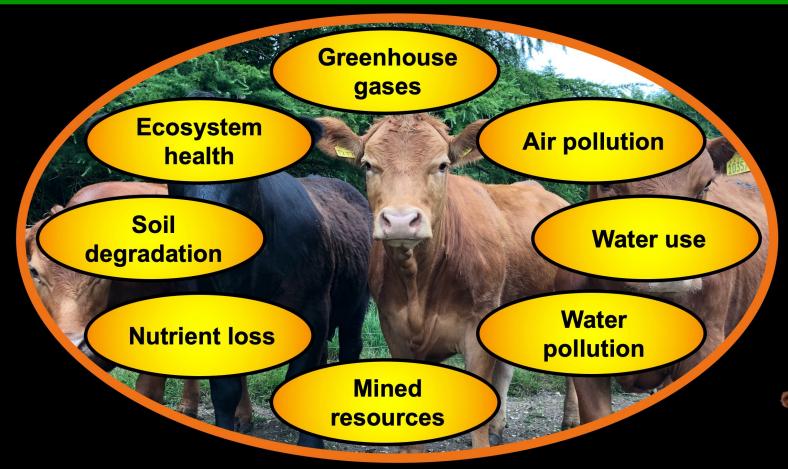


Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020 as an example of soil carbon sequestration. Data from: Poulton et al. (2017) Global Change Biology.





Environmental impacts are not limited to greenhouse gas emissions





Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2020



Can we grow human food crops everywhere?







Can we grow human food crops everywhere?





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023



>60% of UK land is not suitable for growing arable crops



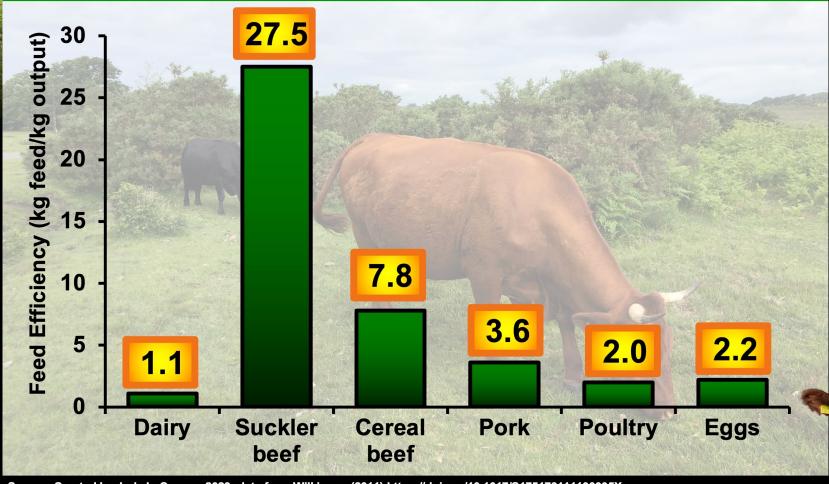


Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Grazing land includes temporary grass on arable land (5% of total). Data from DEFRA. 2020. Farming statistics - provisional crop areas, yields and livestock populations at 1 June 2020 – United Kingdom.

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment data/file/946161/structure-jun2020final-uk-22dec20.pdf



Feed efficiency ratios vary between systems and species

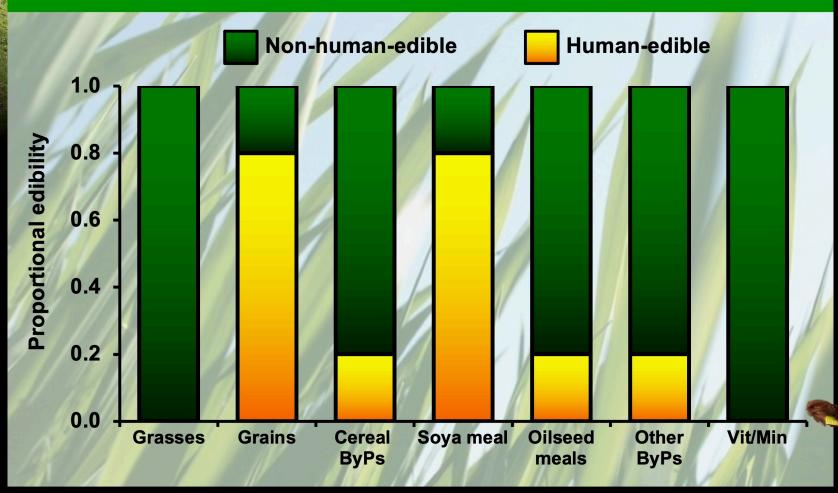




Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023; data from Wilkinson (2011) https://doi.org/10.1017/S175173111100005X



Feed efficiency metrics must consider competition for human-edible foods

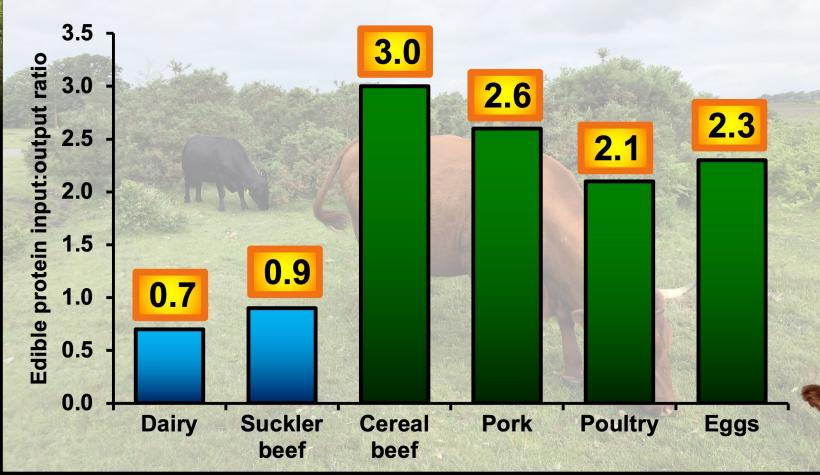




Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023; data from Wilkinson (2011) https://doi.org/10.1017/S175173111100005X



Grazing cattle systems produce more humanedible protein than they consume





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023; data from Wilkinson (2011) Re-defining efficiency of feed use by livestock. Animal.



Removing cattle from pasture disadvantages ground-nesting birds





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Photo from Odd Falch https://www.pexels.com/photo/brown-bird-on-brown-grass-12084162/



Dung beetles have myriad ecosystem benefits





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023.



Merlin app is a great example of ecosystem data gathering

Manx Wildlife Trust

00:04 55

Anna Kerruish @ManxShepherdess · May 31

Slightly addicted to the **#merlin app**, to the point that there's an on farm competition. Whoever gets most **birds** by 14/6 gets a box of French Fancies

Now leaving my phone at the gate of each field while I drive the quad round checking sheep, because I'm that competitive (a)

		00:04.55				
BEST MATCHES						
	Common Chaffinch	~				
A.	Common Wood-Pigeon	~				
	Eurasian Wren	~				
P	European Goldfinch	~				
A	Eurasian Blackbird	~				
	Eurasian Collared-Dove	~				
A.	European Robin	~				

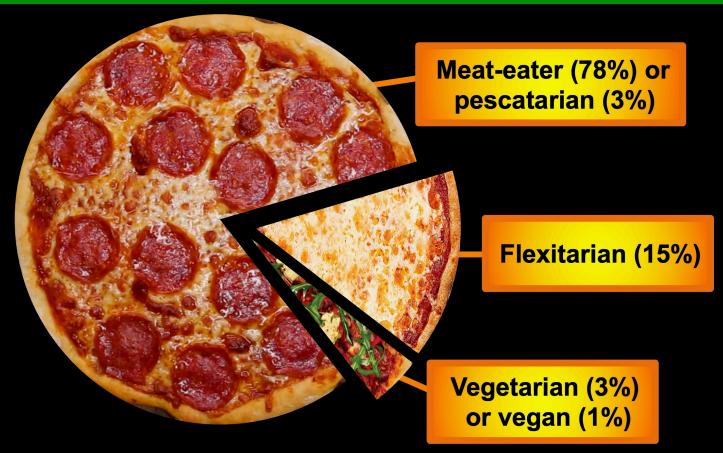




Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Screenshots from Merlin app and Twitter.



The future probably isn't vegan, but it may be flexitarian?





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Data from YouGov (2019) Is the future of food flexitarian? https://yougov.co.uk/topics/resources/articles-reports/2019/03/18/future-food-flexitarian Question: "Which, if any, of these best describes your usual eating habits?" Results adjusted for people who answered "don't know" (3%) or "other" (3%).



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Guilt is a primary motivator for people considering going vegetarian or vegan

"I sometimes feel guilty when consuming meat and dairy products"

and flexitarians
thinking of giving up
meat said "yes"
compared to 25% of
national population





Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Information from YouGov (2019) Is the future of food flexitarian? https://yougov.co.uk/topics/resources/articles-reports/2019/03/18/future-food-flexitarian



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New CREDS report puts transport, energy and food choices into context

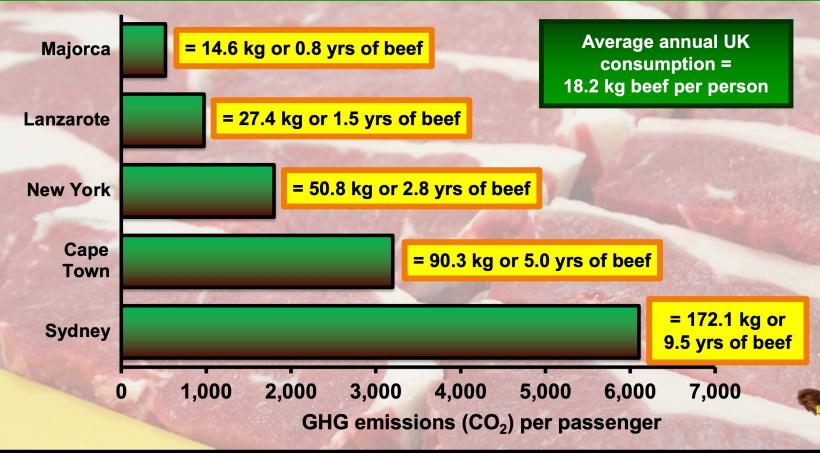
Top 10 options for reducing your carbon footprint				
1	€	2.04	Live car-free	
2	**	1.95	Battery electric vehicle	
3	X	1.68	One less flight (long-haul return)	
4	}	1.6	Renewable electricity	
5		0.98	Public transport	
6		0.895	Refurbishment and renovation	
7	h	0.8	Vegan diet	
8	①	0.795	Heat pump	
9	101	0.65	Improved cooking equipment CREDS	
10	(18°)	(0.64)	Renewable-based heating	



Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Infographic adapted from Centre for Research into Energy Demand Solutions (2020). Available at: https://twitter.com/CREDS_UK/status/1262984570175176704?s=20



International flights emit considerable quantities of carbon compared to beef production



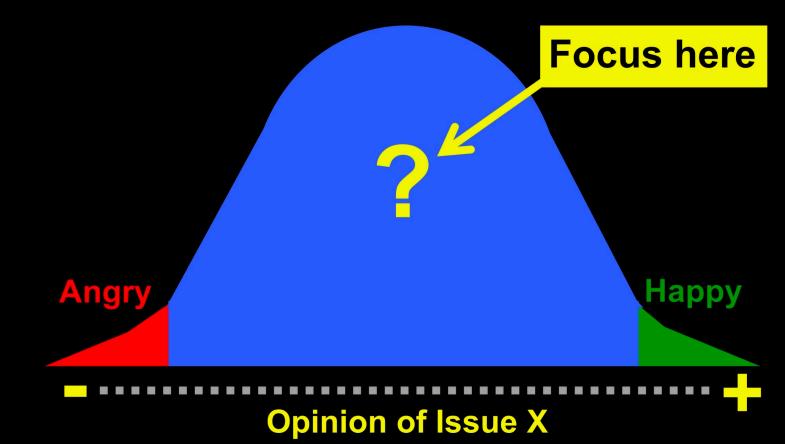


Source: Created by Jude L. Capper, 2023. Calculations based on GHG emissions flight data from: https://co2.myclimate.org/en/flight_calculators/new and on a carbon footprint per kg of boneless beef of 35.5 kg CO2-eq (under GWP100) from AHDB: http://beefandlamb.ahdb.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/p_cp_down_to_earth300112.pdf



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We need to communicate with consumers who don't yet have fixed opinions of agriculture



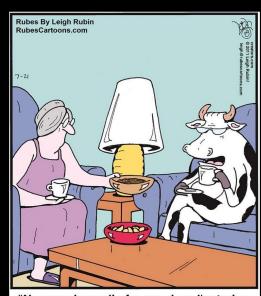


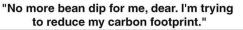
Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2017



Thank you!

JCapper@Harper-Adams.ac.uk









Source: Created by Dr. Jude L. Capper, 2021. Cartoon from: http://RubesCartoons.com